Watership Down, Aeneid, and De Bello Gallico

What analogues from the Aeneid can you find for Hazel?

Fiver? Pipkin?

Bigwig? Cowslip?

Holly? Campion?

Woundwort? Kehaar?

Frith? El-ahrairah?

How do Hazel and Woundwort’s leadership styles compare to Aeneas and Caesars? Cite specific examples in each case.

What sense of identity do the Watership rabbits have? Does it change over time? How does it mirror the journey of Aeneas?

How would Caesar describe the lapine society?

* *Crixa*: The center of Efrafa, at the crossing of two paths.
* *elil*: Enemies of rabbits, including fox, stoat, weasel, cat, owl, man, etc.
* *embleer*: Stinking, the word for the smell of a fox.
* *flay*: Food, specifically grass or other greens.
* *flayrah*: Unusually good food, such as lettuce, carrots, etc.
* *Frith*: The Sun, viewed by the rabbits as God.
* *Frithrah*: "Lord Sun", used as an exclamation. Analogous to "My God!"
* *fu-Inlé*: After moonrise.
* *hain*: A song.
* *hlao*: A depression in the ground formed by a daisy or a thistle, specifically one that can hold moisture. Also used as a rabbit's name.
* *hlessi*: A rabbit who lives aboveground or otherwise out of a warren; a wandering rabbit. Plural *hlessil*.
* *homba*: A fox. Plural *hombil*.
* *hrair*: Many, uncountable, any number above four. It also means thousand, a big, uncountable number.
* *hraka*: Droppings, excreta. Used as a curse.
* *hrududu*: Any type of motor vehicle, such as a tractor, car or train. Plural *hrududil*
* *Inlé*: The moon, moonrise. Also means fear, darkness or death (as in the Black Rabbit of Inlé)
* *lendri*: A badger.
* *li*: Head.
* *m'saion*: "We meet them"
* *narn*: Nice, tasty.
* *ni-Frith*: Noon.
* *nildro*: A blackbird.
* *Owsla*: A group of strong rabbits second year or older surrounding the chief rabbit.
* *Owslafa*: A strong, older group of the Owsla that serves as the Council's police at the Efrafa warren.
* *pfeffa*: A cat.
* *-rah*: A suffix denoting meaning prince, lord or Chief Rabbit (as in Threarah, Hazel-rah)
* *-roo*: A diminutive suffix meaning "little" (as in Hlao-roo or Hrairoo).
* *silf*: Outside.
* *silflay*: To eat above ground; to graze.
* *tharn*: A state of paralyzed fear or confusion. Can also be used to mean "looking foolish", "forlorn", "heartbroken".
* *thlay*: Fur.
* *threar*: A Rowan or Mountain Ash tree.
* *u*: The.
* *U hrair*: "The Thousand". The term used by rabbits which refers to all their collective enemies.
* *vair*: To excrete, to pass droppings.
* *yona*: A hedgehog. Plural *yonil*.
* *zorn*: Destroyed, murdered. A catastrophe.
* [*El-ahrairah*](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/El-ahrairah): The rabbits' folk hero. The literal translation of the full name(Elil-hrair-rah) is "Enemies-thousand-prince"; "Prince with a thousand enemies".
* *Hlao-roo*: "Little Hlao", Pipkin's name in Lapine.
* *Hrairoo*: "Little thousand". [Fiver](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fiver_%28Watership_Down%29)'s name in Lapine.
* *Hyzenthlay*: The literal translation is "shine-dew-fur"; "Fur shining like the dew". The name of a doe.
* *Nildro-hain*: "The Blackbird's song". The name of a doe.
* *Sayn*: Groundsel.
* *Thlayli*: "Fur-head"; [Bigwig](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bigwig_%28Watership_Down%29)'s name in Lapine.
* *Thethuthinnang*: "Movement of leaves". The name of a doe.
* *Threarah*: "Lord Threar", "Lord of the Rowan tree". The [Chief Rabbit](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chief_Rabbit) of the Sandleford warren.