

Nomen _____ Dies _____ Hora _____

Pompeii: The Last Day Video Worksheet

Matching

- | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. _____ Gaius Plinius Secundus | a. gladiator |
| 2. _____ Julius Polybius | b. fullo |
| 3. _____ Celadus | c. ancilla Stephani (of Stephanus) |
| 4. _____ Stephanus | d. Admiral of Roman Navy |
| 5. _____ Hedone | e. candidatus |
| 6. _____ Felix | f. filia (daughter) Polybii |
| 7. _____ Julia | g. servus Polybii (of Polybius) |
| 8. _____ Sabinus | h. vir (husband) Juliae (of Julia) |

Fill in the Blank

1. At the fullery, _____ are washed using urine, which, due to its acidic content, eliminates _____.
2. The land around Mt. Vesuvius is very fertile, due to the _____ deposited in the soil thousands of years ago.
3. The eruption of Mt. Vesuvius began around _____ in the afternoon.
4. When Mt. Vesuvius erupted, the _____ blasted around 15km in the air.
5. When the fallout from the eruptive column began raining down on Pompeii, cold, dense _____ from the inside of _____ began to fall along with the ash and pumice at speeds of up to _____, thereby killing many with deadly force.
6. As the boiling rock from Mt. Vesuvius was thrust upward, it mixed with the _____, then it cooled, _____, and began to fall.
7. By mid-afternoon, Mt. Vesuvius had already spewed _____ tons of _____ and _____ on Pompeii.
8. The _____ of Pompeii are designed to withstand nothing heavier than _____, so it is not a question of if they will collapse, but when.
9. Pliny the Elder's rescue mission gets underway by _____ in the afternoon.
10. The _____ and _____ suck moisture from the air, parching the throat and mouth.
11. Pliny the Elder, diverted from his rescue mission by the fallout, is trapped at _____, which lies to the _____ of Pompeii.
12. When the eruptive column begins to collapse, a mass of superheated _____ and _____ churn down the volcano like an avalanche. This is called the _____.
13. The pyroclastic flow incinerates everything and everyone in its path, not just burning them, but turning them to _____.
14. After the first pyroclastic surge, Herculaneum and its victims are buried under _____ meters of stone, ash, and mud.
15. The cloud of toxic gas that accompanied the pyroclastic surges is made up of _____ and _____, two highly fatal gases.
16. Death for the Pompeian people was not _____. Instead, it came in three horrific stages. First, the victim inhaled _____ and _____, causing the lungs to fill up with fluid. With the second breath, the _____ in the lungs mixes with the fluid, creating a _____ in the lungs and windpipe. Then, with each subsequent breath, the _____ thickens, causing victims to gasp for breath and, finally, _____.
17. After _____ hours of eruption, the eruptive column finally fully _____, sending one last massive pyroclastic surge around the Bay of Naples.
18. Volcanic eruptions such as the one experienced in Pompeii are now referred to as _____, named for the astute youth who witnessed the eruption from Misenum.
19. By the end of the eruption, Mt. Vesuvius had dumped _____ tons of _____ stone, _____, and _____ on Pompeii.
20. Eruptions of this scale and magnitude only happen about once every _____ years.